

Year 11 Curriculum Grid



**GCSE PE** 



Year/Term	Unit	Intent	Skills
Autumn	The Structure and	Students should develop knowledge and	Analysing
	functions of the	understanding of the key body systems and	<ul> <li>Evaluating</li> </ul>
	musculoskeletal	how they impact on health, fitness and	<ul> <li>Justifying</li> </ul>
	system	performance in physical activity and sport.	Describing
			Comparing
		Bones	Discussing
		<ul> <li>Structure of the skeleton</li> </ul>	Communicating
		<ul> <li>Functions of the skeleton</li> </ul>	effectively
		<ul> <li>Structure of a synovial joint</li> </ul>	Debating
		<ul> <li>Types of freely movable joints that</li> </ul>	Writing extended
		allow different movements	answers
		<ul> <li>How joints differ in design to allow</li> </ul>	Working in groups
		certain types of movement at a joint	
	Muscular system	Muscles of the body	
		<ul> <li>How the major muscles and muscle</li> </ul>	
		groups of the body work	
		antagonistically on the major joints of	
		the skeleton to affect movement in	
		physical activity at the major movable	
		joints	
	Respiratory system	Students should develop knowledge and	
		understanding of the key body systems and	
		how they impact on health, fitness and	
		performance in physical activity and sport.	
		Ihe pathway of air	
		Gaseous exchange	
		Blood vessels	
		<ul> <li>Mechanics of breathing – the</li> </ul>	
		interaction of the intercostal muscles,	
		ribs and diaphragm in breathing	
	Candiavaaaulan	Interpretation of a spirometer trace	
	curciovascular	Structure of the heart	
	system	<ul> <li>The cardiac cycle and the pathway of the blood</li> </ul>	
		Cardias sutput strake volume and	
		Carulac output, stroke volume and     beart rate	
	Anaerohic and	Inderstanding the terms acrobic	
	aerohic exercise	Onderstanding the terms derould     evercise (in the presence of overap)	
		and anaerohic evercise (in the	
		absence of enough oxygen)	









		<ul> <li>The use of aerobic and anaerobic exercise in practical examples of differing intensities</li> <li>Excess post-exercise oxygen consumption (EPOC)/oxygen debt as</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>the result of muscles respiring anaerobically during vigorous exercise and producing lactic acid</li> <li>The recovery process from vigorous exercise</li> </ul>	
	The short and long term effects of exercise	<ul> <li>Immediate effects of exercise (during exercise</li> <li>Short-term effects of exercise (up to 36 hours after exercise)</li> <li>Long-term effects of exercise (months and years of exercising)</li> </ul>	
	Lever systems, examples of their use in activity and the mechanical advantage they provide in movement	<ul> <li>Students should develop knowledge and understanding of the basic principles of movement and their effect on performance in physical activity and sport.</li> <li>First, second and third class lever systems within sporting examples</li> <li>Mechanical advantage – an understanding of mechanical advantage in relation to the three lever systems</li> <li>Analysis of basic movements in sporting examples</li> </ul>	
	Planes and axes of movement	<ul> <li>Identification of the relevant planes (frontal, transverse, sagittal) and axes (longitudinal, transverse, sagittal) of movement used whilst performing sporting actions</li> </ul>	
Spring	Demonstrate an understanding of how data are collected – both qualitative and quantitative	<ul> <li>Students should develop knowledge and understanding of data analysis in relation to key areas of physical activity and sport</li> <li>Quantitative data</li> <li>Methods for collecting quantitative data</li> <li>Qualitative data</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Analysing</li> <li>Evaluating</li> <li>Justifying</li> <li>Describing</li> <li>Comparing</li> <li>Discussing</li> <li>Communicating effectively</li> <li>Debating</li> </ul>



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	Engagement patterns of different social groups in physical activity and sport	<ul> <li>Methods for collecting qualitative data</li> <li>Presenting data</li> <li>Analysis and evaluation of data</li> <li>Engagement patterns of different social groups and the factors affecting participation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Writing extended answers</li> <li>Working in groups</li> </ul>
	Commercialisation of physical activity and sport	<ul> <li>Commercialisation</li> <li>Types of sponsorship and the media</li> <li>Positive and negative impacts of sponsorship and the media</li> <li>Positive and negative impacts of technology</li> </ul>	
Summer	Ethical and socio- cultural issues in physical activity and sport	<ul> <li>Conduct of performers</li> <li>Prohibited substances</li> <li>Prohibited methods (blood doping)</li> <li>Drugs subject to certain restrictions (beta blockers)</li> <li>Which type of performers may use different types of performance enhancing drugs (PEDs) with sporting examples</li> <li>The advantages and disadvantages for the performer of taking PEDs</li> <li>The disadvantages to the sport/event of performers taking PEDs</li> <li>Spectator behaviour (the positive and the negative effects of spectators at events)</li> <li>Reasons why hooliganism occurs</li> <li>Strategies employed to combat hooliganism/ spectator behaviour</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Analysing</li> <li>Evaluating</li> <li>Justifying</li> <li>Describing</li> <li>Comparing</li> <li>Discussing</li> <li>Communicating effectively</li> <li>Debating</li> <li>Writing extended answers</li> <li>Working in groups</li> </ul>